Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (Currently Amended) A composition comprising the compound of claim 4 <u>59</u> and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 3. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or reducing inflammation, pain or fever in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 2.
- 4. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a gastrointestinal disorder, or improving the gastrointestinal properties of a COX-2 inhibitor in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 2.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 4, wherein the gastrointestinal disorder is an inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome, ulcerative colitis, a peptic ulcer, a stress ulcer, a bleeding ulcer, gastric hyperacidity, dyspepsia, gastroparesis, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, gastroesophageal reflux disease, a bacterial infection, short-bowel (anastomosis) syndrome, or a hypersecretory state associated with systemic mastocytosis or basophilic leukemia and hyperhistaminemia
- 6. (Withdrawn) A method for facilitating wound healing in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 2.
 - 7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the wound is an ulcer.
- 8. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or reversing renal and/or respiratory toxicity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 2.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a disorder resulting from elevated levels of COX-2 in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 2.

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- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein the disorder resulting from elevated levels of COX-2 is angiogenesis, arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, premature labor, tendinitis, bursitis, a skin-related condition, neoplasia, an inflammatory process in a disease, an ophthalmic disorder, pulmonary inflammation, a central nervous system disorder, allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, endotoxin shock syndrome, atherosclerosis, a microbial infection, a cardiovascular disorder, a urinary disorder, a urological disorder, endothelial dysfunction, organ deterioration, tissue deterioration, or activation, adhesion and infiltration of neutrophils at the site of inflammation.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the neoplasia is a brain cancer, a bone cancer, an epithelial cell-derived neoplasia (epithelial carcinoma), a basal cell carcinoma, an adenocarcinoma, a gastrointestinal cancer, a lip cancer, a mouth cancer, an esophageal cancer, a small bowel cancer, a stomach cancer, a colon cancer, a liver cancer, a bladder cancer, a pancreas cancer, an ovary cancer, a cervical cancer, a lung cancer, a breast cancer, a skin cancer, a squamus cell cancer, a basal cell cancer, a prostate cancer, a renal cell carcinoma, a cancerous tumor, a growth, a polyp, an adenomatous polyp, a familial adenomatous polyposis or a fibrosis resulting from radiation therapy.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the central nervous system disorder is cortical dementia, Alzheimer's disease, vascular dementia, multi-infarct dementia, pre-senile dementia, alcoholic dementia, senile dementia, or central nervous system damage resulting from stroke, ischemia or trauma.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A method for inhibiting platelet aggregation in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 2.
- 14. (Original) The composition of claim 2, further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.
- 15. (Original) The composition of claim 14, wherein the therapeutic agent is a steroid, a nonsteroidal antiinflammatory compound, a 5-lipoxygenase (5-LO) inhibitor, a leukotriene B₄ receptor antagonist, a leukotriene A₄ hydrolase inhibitor, a 5-HT agonist, a 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A inhibitor, a H₂ antagonist, an antineoplastic agent, an antiplatelet

agent, a thrombin inhibitor, a thromboxane inhibitor, a decongestant, a diuretic, a sedating or non-sedating anti-histamine, an inducible nitric oxide synthase inhibitor, an opioid, an analgesic, a *Helicobacter pylori* inhibitor, a proton pump inhibitor, an isoprostane inhibitor, or a mixture of two or more thereof.

- 16. (Original) The composition of claim 15, wherein the nonsteroidal antiinflammatory compound is acetaminophen, aspirin, diclofenac, ibuprofen, ketoprofen or naproxen.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or reducing inflammation, pain or fever in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 14.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a gastrointestinal disorder, or improving the gastrointestinal properties of a COX-2 inhibitor in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 14.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the gastrointestinal disorder is an inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome, ulcerative colitis, a peptic ulcer, a stress ulcer, a bleeding ulcer, gastric hyperacidity, dyspepsia, gastroparesis, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, gastroesophageal reflux disease, a bacterial infection, short-bowel (anastomosis) syndrome, or a hypersecretory state associated with systemic mastocytosis or basophilic leukemia and hyperhistaminemia.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A method for facilitating wound healing in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 14.
 - 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20, wherein the wound is an ulcer.
- 22. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or reversing renal and/or respiratory toxicity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 14.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a disorder resulting from elevated levels of COX-2 in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 14.

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- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein the disorder resulting from elevated levels of COX-2 is angiogenesis, arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, premature labor, tendinitis, bursitis, a skin-related condition, neoplasia, an inflammatory process in a disease, an ophthalmic disorder, pulmonary inflammation, a central nervous system disorder, allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, endotoxin shock syndrome, atherosclerosis, a microbial infection, a cardiovascular disorder, a urinary disorder, a urological disorder, endothelial dysfunction, organ deterioration, tissue deterioration, or activation, adhesion and infiltration of neutrophils at the site of inflammation.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein the neoplasia is a brain cancer, a bone cancer, an epithelial cell-derived neoplasia (epithelial carcinoma), a basal cell carcinoma, an adenocarcinoma, a gastrointestinal cancer, a lip cancer, a mouth cancer, an esophageal cancer, a small bowel cancer, a stomach cancer, a colon cancer, a liver cancer, a bladder cancer, a pancreas cancer, an ovary cancer, a cervical cancer, a lung cancer, a breast cancer, a skin cancer, a squamus cell cancer, a basal cell cancer, a prostate cancer, a renal cell carcinoma, a cancerous tumor, a growth, a polyp, an adenomatous polyp, a familial adenomatous polyposis or a fibrosis resulting from radiation therapy.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein the central nervous system disorder is cortical dementia, Alzheimer's disease, vascular dementia, multi-infarct dementia, pre-senile dementia, alcoholic dementia, senile dementia, or central nervous system damage resulting from stroke, ischemia or trauma.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A method for inhibiting platelet aggregation in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 14.
- 28. (Currently Amended) A composition comprising at least one compound of claim 4 59 and at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, or induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase.
- 29. (Original) The composition of claim 28, further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- 30. (Original) The composition of claim 28, wherein the compound that donates, transfers, or releases nitric oxide, or induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase is an S-nitrosothiol.
- 31. (Original) The composition of claim 30, wherein the S-nitrosothiol is S-nitroso-N-acetylcysteine, S-nitroso-captopril, S-nitroso-N-acetylpenicillamine, S-nitroso-homocysteine, S-nitroso-cysteine, S-nitroso-glutathione, or S-nitroso-cysteinyl-glycine.
 - 32. (Original) The composition of claim 30, wherein the S-nitrosothiol is:
 - (i) $HS(C(R_e)(R_f))_mSNO$;
 - (ii) $ONS(C(R_e)(R_f))_mR_e$; or
- $H_2N-CH(CO_2H)-(CH_2)_m-C(O)NH-CH(CH_2SNO)-C(O)NH-CH_2-CO_2H;$ (iii) wherein m is an integer from 2 to 20; R_e and R_f are each independently a hydrogen, an alkyl, a cycloalkoxy, a halogen, a hydroxy, an hydroxyalkyl, an alkoxyalkyl, an arylheterocyclic ring. a cycloalkylalkyl, a heterocyclicalkyl, an alkoxy, a haloalkoxy, an amino, an alkylamino, a dialkylamino, an arylamino, a diarylamino, an alkylarylamino, an alkoxyhaloalkyl, a haloalkoxy, a sulfonic acid, a sulfonic ester, an alkylsulfonic acid, an arylsulfonic acid, an arylalkoxy, an alkylthio, an arylthio, a cyano, an aminoalkyl, an aminoaryl, an aryl, an arylalkyl, a carboxamido, a alkylcarboxamido, an arylcarboxamido, an amidyl, a carboxyl, a carbamoyl, an alkylcarboxylic acid, an arylcarboxylic acid, an alkylcarbonyl, an arylcarbonyl, an ester, a carboxylic ester, an alkylcarboxylic ester, an arylcarboxylic ester, a haloalkoxy, a sulfonamido, an alkylsulfonamido, an arylsulfonamido, an alkylsulfonyl, an alkylsulfonyloxy, an arylsulfonyl, an arylsulfonyloxy, a urea, a nitro, -T-Q'-, or $-(C(R_g)(R_h))_k$ -T-Q' or R_e and R_f taken together are an oxo, a methanthial, a heterocyclic ring, a cycloalkyl group, an oxime, a hydrazone or a bridged cycloalkyl group; Q' is -NO or -NO₂; and T is independently a covalent bond, a carbonyl, an oxygen, -S(O)₀- or -N(R_a)R_i-, wherein o is an integer from 0 to 2, R_a is a lone pair of electrons, a hydrogen or an alkyl group; Ri is a hydrogen, an alkyl, an aryl, an alkylcarboxylic acid, an arylcarboxylic acid, an alkylcarboxylic ester, an arylcarboxylic ester, an alkylcarboxamido, an arylcarboxamido, an alkylsulfinyl, an alkylsulfonyl, an alkylsulfonyloxy, an arylsulfinyl, an arylsulfonyloxy, an arylsulfonyl, a sulfonamido, a carboxamido, a carboxylic ester, an aminoalkyl, an aminoaryl, - CH_2 - $C(T-Q')(R_g)(R_h)$, or $-(N_2O_2-)^{\bullet}M^+$, wherein M^+ is an organic or inorganic cation; with the

proviso that when R_i is -CH₂-C(T-Q')(R_g)(R_h) or -(N_2O_2 -)•M⁺; then "-T-Q'" can be a hydrogen, an alkyl group, an alkoxyalkyl group, an aminoalkyl group, a hydroxy group or an aryl group; and R_g and R_h at each occurrence are independently R_e .

- 33. (Original) The composition of claim 28, wherein the compound that donates, transfers, or releases nitric oxide, or induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase is L-arginine, L-homoarginine, N-hydroxy-L-arginine, nitrosated L-arginine, nitrosated L-arginine, nitrosated L-homoarginine, nitrosylated L-homoarginine, nitrosylated L-homoarginine, nitrosylated L-homoarginine, nitrosylated L-homoarginine, ornithine, glutamine, lysine, an arginase inhibitor or a nitric oxide mediator.
- 34. (Original) The composition of claim 28, wherein the compound that donates, transfers, or releases nitric oxide, or induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase is:
 - (i) a compound that comprises at least one ON-O- or ON-N- group;
- (ii) a compound that comprises at least one O_2N -O-, O_2N -N- or O_2N -S- or group;
- (iii) a N-oxo-N-nitrosoamine having the formula: R^{1} R^{2} N-N(O-M⁺)-NO, wherein R^{1} and R^{2} are each independently a polypeptide, an amino acid, a sugar, an oligonucleotide, a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic or aromatic, substituted or unsubstituted hydrocarbon, or a heterocyclic group, and M^{+} is an organic or inorganic cation.
- 35. (Original) The composition of claim 34, wherein the compound comprising at least one ON-O- or ON-N- group is an ON-O-polypeptide, an ON-N-polypeptide, an ON-O-amino acid, an ON-N-amino acid, an ON-O-sugar, an ON-N-sugar, an ON-O-oligonucleotide, an ON-N-oligonucleotide, a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic ON-O-hydrocarbon, a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted, aliphatic or aromatic ON-N-hydrocarbon, an ON-O-heterocyclic compound or an ON-N-heterocyclic compound.
- 36. (Original) The composition of claim 34, wherein compound comprising at least one O₂N-O-, O₂N-N- or O₂N-S- group is an O₂N-O-polypeptide, an O₂N-N-polypeptide, an O₂N-S-

polypeptide, an O₂N-O-amino acid, O₂N-N-amino acid, O₂N-S-amino acid, an O₂N-O-sugar, an O₂N-N-sugar, O₂N-S-sugar, an O₂N-O-oligonucleotide, an O₂N-N-oligonucleotide, an O₂N-S-oligonucleotide, a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic or aromatic, substituted or unsubstituted O₂N-O-hydrocarbon, a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic or aromatic, substituted or unsubstituted O₂N-N-hydrocarbon, a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic or aromatic, substituted or unsubstituted O₂N-S-hydrocarbon, an O₂N-O-heterocyclic compound, an O₂N-N-heterocyclic compound or an O₂N-S-heterocyclic compound.

- 37. (Original) The composition of claim 28, further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.
- 38. (Original) The composition of claim 37, wherein the therapeutic agent is a steroid, a nonsteroidal antiinflammatory compound, a 5-lipoxygenase (5-LO) inhibitor, a leukotriene B₄ receptor antagonist, a leukotriene A₄ hydrolase inhibitor, a 5-HT agonist, a HMG CoA inhibitor, a H₂ antagonist, an antineoplastic agent, an antiplatelet agent, a thrombin inhibitor, a thromboxane inhibitor, a decongestant, a diuretic, a sedating or non-sedating anti-histamine, an inducible nitric oxide synthase inhibitor, an opioid, an analgesic, a *Helicobacter pylori* inhibitor, a proton pump inhibitor, an isoprostane inhibitor, or a mixture of two or more thereof.
- 39. (Original) The composition of claim 38, wherein the nonsteroidal antiinflammatory compound is acetaminophen, aspirin, diclofenac, ibuprofen, ketoprofen or naproxen.
- 40. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or reducing inflammation, pain or fever in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 29 or 37.
- 41. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a gastrointestinal disorder, or improving the gastrointestinal properties of a COX-2 inhibitor in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 29 or 37.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the gastrointestinal disorder is an inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome, ulcerative colitis, a peptic ulcer, a stress ulcer, a bleeding ulcer, gastric hyperacidity, dyspepsia,

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gastroparesis, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, gastroesophageal reflux disease, a bacterial infection, short-bowel (anastomosis) syndrome, or a hypersecretory state associated with systemic mastocytosis or basophilic leukemia and hyperhistaminemia.

- 43. (Withdrawn) A method for facilitating wound healing in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 29 or 37.
 - 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein the wound is an ulcer.
- 45. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or reversing renal and/or respiratory toxicity in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 29 or 37.
- 46. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a disorder resulting from elevated levels of COX-2 in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 29 or 37.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46, wherein the disorder resulting from elevated levels of COX-2 is angiogenesis, arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, premature labor, tendinitis, bursitis, a skin-related condition, neoplasia, an inflammatory process in a disease, an ophthalmic disorder, pulmonary inflammation, a central nervous system disorder, allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, endotoxin shock syndrome, atherosclerosis, a microbial infection, a cardiovascular disorder, a urinary disorder, a urological disorder, endothelial dysfunction, organ deterioration, tissue deterioration, or activation, adhesion and infiltration of neutrophils at the site of inflammation.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 47, wherein the neoplasia is a brain cancer, a bone cancer, an epithelial cell-derived neoplasia (epithelial carcinoma), a basal cell carcinoma, an adenocarcinoma, a gastrointestinal cancer, a lip cancer, a mouth cancer, an esophageal cancer, a small bowel cancer, a stomach cancer, a colon cancer, a liver cancer, a bladder cancer, a pancreas cancer, an ovary cancer, a cervical cancer, a lung cancer, a breast cancer, a skin cancer, a squamus cell cancer, a basal cell cancer, a prostate cancer, a renal cell carcinoma, a cancerous tumor, a growth, a polyp, an adenomatous polyp, a familial adenomatous polyposis or a fibrosis resulting from radiation therapy.

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- 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 47, wherein the central nervous system disorder is cortical dementia, Alzheimer's disease, vascular dementia, multi-infarct dementia, pre-senile dementia, alcoholic dementia, senile dementia, or central nervous system damage resulting from stroke, ischemia or trauma.
- 50. (Withdrawn) A method for inhibiting platelet aggregation in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 29 or 37.
- 51. (Withdrawn Currently Amended) A kit comprising at least one compound of claim 159.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 51, further comprising (i) at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase; (ii) at least one therapeutic agent; or (iii) at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase and at least one therapeutic agent.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 52, wherein the at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase; the at least one therapeutic agent; or the at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase and at least one therapeutic agent; are in the form of separate components in the kit
 - 54. (Withdrawn) A kit comprising the composition of claim 14, 29 or 37.
- 55. (Original) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

 1-(3-(1-(hydroxyimino)-4-(nitrooxy)butyl)-1- phenylpyrazol-5-yl-4-(methylsulfonyl)benzene;

 1-(1-cyclohexyl-3-(1-(hydroxyimino)- 4-(nitroxy)butyl)pyrazol-5-yl)-4-(methylsulfonyl)

 benzene;1-(3-(2-aza-2-methoxy-1-(3-(nitrooxy)propyl)vinyl- 1-cyclohexylpyrazol -5-yl)-4
 (methylsulfonyl)benzene; 4-(3-(1-(hydroxyimino)-5-(nitrooxy)butyl)-4- (4
 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-pyrazolyl) benzenecarbonitrile; 1-(1-cyclohexyl-3-(1-(hydroximino)-6-

(nitrooxy)hexyl)-pyrazol-5-yl)-4-(methylsulfonyl) benzene; *tert*-butyl 2-((1E)-2-{1-cyclohexyl-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]pyrazol-3-yl}-5-(nitrooxy)-1-azapent-1-enyloxy)acetate; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 56. (Original) A composition comprising at least one compound of claim 55 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 57. (Original) The composition of claim 56, further comprising (i) at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase; (ii) at least one therapeutic agent; or (iii) at least one compound that donates, transfers or releases nitric oxide, induces the production of endogenous nitric oxide or endothelium-derived relaxing factor, or is a substrate for nitric oxide synthase and at least one therapeutic agent.
 - 58. (Withdrawn) A kit comprising at least one compound of claim 55.
 - 59. (New) A compound of Formula (II), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

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wherein:

A-B is:

- (a) N-C;
- (b) C-N; or
- (c) N-N;

when sides d and f are double bonds, and sides e and g are single bonds,

$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
- is:

(a)
$$=CR^4-CR^4=CR^5-$$
;

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(b) =
$$N-CR^4=CR^4$$
'-;

(c) =
$$N-CR^4$$
= $N-$;

(d) =
$$CR^4$$
-N= CR^{4} -;

(e) =
$$CR^4$$
-N=N-;

$$(f) = N - N = CR^4 -;$$

$$(g) = N-N=N-;$$

(h) =
$$CR^4$$
- CR^5 =N-; or

(i)
$$=CR^2 - CR^5 = N$$
-;

R² and R², as defined herein taken together are:

(a)

(b)

or R² and R⁵, as defined herein, taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached are a cycloalkyl group or a heterocyclic ring;

R⁹⁷ is:

- (a) hydrogen;
- (b) alkylthio;
- (c) alkylsulfinyl;
- (d) alkylsulfonyl;

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- (e) cyano;
- (f) carboxyl;
- (g) amino;
- (h) lower alkyl;
- (i) haloalkyl;
- (j) hydroxy;
- (k) alkoxy;
- (l) haloalkoxy;
- (m) alkylarylalkylamino;
- (n) aminoalkyl;
- (o) aminoaryl;
- (p) sulfonamido;
- (q) alkylsulfonamido;
- (r) arylsulfonamido;
- (s) heterocyclic ring;
- (t) hydroxyalkyl; or
- (u) nitro;

a is an integer from 1 to 3;

when sides e and g are double bonds, and sides d and f are single bonds,

$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
- is:

- (a) $-CR^4 = N N =$;
- (b) $-N=N-CR^4=$;
- (c) $-CR^4 = N CR^4 =$;
- (d) $-N=CR^4-N=$;
- (e) $-CR^4 = CR^4 N =$;
- (f) $-N=CR^4-CR^5=$;
- (g) $-CR^4 = CR^5 CR^{5'} =$; or
- (h) -N=N-N=;

when side g is a double bond, and sides d, e and f are single bonds,

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$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
 is:

(a)
$$-C(O)-O-CR^4=$$
;

(b)
$$-C(O)-NR^3-CR^4=$$
;

(c)
$$-C(O)-S-CR^4=$$
; or

(d)
$$-C(H)R^4-C(OH)R^5-N=$$
;

when sides d is a double bond, and sides e, f and g are single bonds,

$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
 is:

(a)
$$=CR^4-O-C(O)-;$$

(b)
$$=CR^4-NR^3-C(O)-;$$

(c) =
$$CR^4$$
-S-C(O)-; or

(d) =N-C(OH)
$$R^4$$
-C(H) R^5 -;

when sides f is a double bond, and sides d, e and g are single bonds,

$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
- is:

(a)
$$-CH(R^4)-CR^5=N-$$
; or

(b)
$$-C(O)-CR^4=CR^5-$$
;

when sides e is a double bond, and sides d, f and g are single bonds,

$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
 is:

(a)
$$-N=CR^4-CH(R^5)$$
-; or

(b)
$$-CR^4 = CR^5 - C(O)$$
-;

when sides d, e, f and g are single bonds,

$$-X^2-Y^2-Z^2$$
- is:

R¹ is:

(a)
$$-S(O)_2$$
-CH₃;

(b)
$$-S(O)_2-NR^8(D^1)$$
;

(c)
$$-S(O)_2-N(D^1)-C(O)-CF_3$$
;

(d)
$$-S(O)-(NH)-NH(D^1)$$
;

(e)
$$-S(O)-(NH)-N(D^1)-C(O)-CF_3$$
;

$$(f) - P(O)(CH_3)NH(D^1);$$

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(g) -P(O)(CH_3)_2;
                 (h) -C(S)-NH(D^1);
                 (i) -S(O)(NH)CH<sub>3</sub>;
                 (j) -P(O)(CH_3)OD^1; or
                 (k) -P(O)(CH_3)NH(D^1);
        R<sup>1'</sup> at each occurrence is independently:
                 (a) hydrogen;
                 (b) halogen;
                 (c) methyl; or
                 (d) CH<sub>2</sub>OH;
        R<sup>2</sup> is:
                 (a) lower alkyl;
                 (b) cycloalkyl;
                 (c) mono-, di- or tri-substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein the substituents are
each independently:
                          (1) hydrogen;
                          (2) halo;
                          (3) alkoxy;
                          (4) alkylthio;
                          (5) CN;
                          (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF<sub>3</sub>;
                          (7) lower alkyl;
                          (8) N_3;
                          (9) -CO_2D^1;
                          (10) -CO<sub>2</sub>-lower alkyl;
                          (11) - (C(R^5)(R^6))_z - OD^1;
                          (12) –(C(R^5)(R^6))_z-O-lower alkyl;
                          (13) lower alkyl-CO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>5</sup>;
                          (14) - OD^1;
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- (15) haloalkoxy;
- (16) amino;
- (17) nitro;
- (18) alkylsulfinyl; or
- (19) heteroaryl;
- (d) mono-, di- or tri-substituted heteroaryl, wherein the heteroaryl is a monocyclic aromatic ring of 5 atoms, said ring having one heteroatom which is S, O, or N, and, optionally, 1, 2, or 3 additional N atoms; or the heteroaryl is a monocyclic ring of 6 atoms, said ring having one heteroatom which is N, and, optionally, 1, 2, 3, or 4 additional N atoms; wherein the substituents are each independently:
 - (1) hydrogen;
 - (2) halo;
 - (3) lower alkyl;
 - (4) alkoxy;
 - (5) alkylthio;
 - (6) CN;
 - (7) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
 - $(8) N_3;$
 - $(9) -C(R^5)(R^6)-OD^1;$
 - (10) $-C(R^5)(R^6)$ -O-lower alkyl; or
 - (11) alkylsulfinyl;
 - (e) benzoheteroaryl which includes the benzo fused analogs of (d);
 - (f) $-NR^{10}R^{11}$;
 - $(g) SR^{11};$
 - (h) $-OR^{11}$;
 - (i) $-R^{11}$;
 - (j) alkenyl;
 - (k) alkynyl;

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(l) unsubstituted, mono-, di-, tri- or tetra-substituted cycloalkenyl, wherein the substituents are each independently:

- (1) halo;
- (2) alkoxy;
- (3) alkylthio;
- (4) CN;
- (5) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- (6) lower alkyl;
- $(7) N_3;$
- $(8) CO_2D^1;$
- (9) -CO₂-lower alkyl;
- $(10) C(R^{12})(R^{13}) OD^1;$
- (11) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})$ -O-lower alkyl;
- (12) lower alkyl-CO₂-R¹²;
- (13) benzyloxy;
- (14) -O-(lower alkyl)- CO_2R^{12} ;
- (15) -O-(lower alkyl)- $NR^{12} R^{13}$; or
- (16) alkylsulfinyl;

(m) mono-, di-, tri- or tetra-substituted heterocycloalkyl group of 5, 6 or 7 members, or a benzoheterocycle, wherein said heterocycloalkyl or benzoheterocycle contains 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N and, optionally, contains a carbonyl group or a sulfonyl group, and wherein said substituents are each independently:

- (1) halo;
- (2) lower alkyl;
- (3) alkoxy;
- (4) alkylthio;
- (5) CN;
- (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- $(7) N_3;$

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$$(8) -C(R^{12})(R^{13})-OD^1;$$

(9)
$$-C(R^{12})(R^{13})$$
-O-lower alkyl; or

(10) alkylsulfinyl;

(n) styryl, mono or di-substituted styryl, wherein the substituent are each independently:

- (1) halo;
- (2) alkoxy;
- (3) alkylthio;
- (4) CN;
- (5) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- (6) lower alkyl;
- $(7) N_3;$
- $(8) CO_2D^1$;
- (9) -CO₂-lower alkyl;
- $(10) C(R^{12})(R^{13}) OD^1;$
- (11) -C(R^{12})(R^{13})-O-lower alkyl;
- (12) lower alkyl- CO_2 - R^{12} ;
- (13) benzyloxy;
- (14) -O-(lower alkyl)-CO₂R¹²; or
- (15) -O-(lower alkyl)-NR¹²R¹³;

(o) phenylacetylene, mono- or di-substituted phenylacetylene, wherein the substituents are each independently:

- (1) halo;
- (2) alkoxy;
- (3) alkylthio;
- (4) CN;
- (5) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- (6) lower alkyl;
- $(7) N_3;$

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- $(8) CO_2D^1$;
- (9) -CO₂-lower alkyl;
- $(10) C(R^{12})(R^{13}) OD^1;$
- (11) -C(R¹²)(R¹³)-O-lower alkyl;
- (12) lower alkyl-CO₂-R¹²;
- (13) benzyloxy;
- (14) -O-(lower alkyl)-CO₂R¹²; or
- (15) -O-(lower alkyl)-NR¹²R¹³;
- (p) fluoroalkenyl;
- (q) mono- or di-substituted bicyclic heteroaryl of 8, 9 or 10 members, containing 2, 3, 4 or 5 heteroatoms, wherein at least one heteroatom resides on each ring of said bicyclic heteroaryl, said heteroatoms are each independently O, S and N and said substituents are each independently:
 - (1) hydrogen;
 - (2) halo;
 - (3) lower alkyl;
 - (4) alkoxy;
 - (5) alkylthio;
 - (6) CN;
 - (7) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
 - $(8) N_3;$
 - $(9) C(R^5)(R^6) OD^1$; or
 - (10) $-C(R^5)(R^6)$ -O-lower alkyl;
 - (r) K;
 - (s) aryl;
 - (t) arylalkyl;
 - (u) cycloalkylalkyl;
 - $(v) C(O)R^{11};$
 - (u) hydrogen;

- (v) arylalkenyl; (w) arylalkoxy; (x) alkoxy; (y) aryloxy; (z) cycloalkoxy; (aa) arylthio; (bb) alkylthio; (cc) arylalkylthio; or (dd) cycloalkylthio; R³ is: (a) hydrogen; (b) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃; (c) CN; (d) lower alkyl; (e) $-(C(R_e)(R_f))_p - U - V$; (f) K; (g) unsubstituted or substituted: (1) lower alkyl-Q; (2) lower alkyl-O- lower alkyl-Q; (3) lower alkyl-S-lower alkyl-Q; (4) lower alkyl-O-Q; (5) lower alkyl-S-Q; (6) lower alkyl-O-V; (7) lower alkyl-S-V; (8) lower alkyl-O-K; or (9) lower alkyl-S-K;
- wherein the substituent(s) reside on the lower alkyl group;
 - (h) Q;
 - (i) alkylcarbonyl;

Response and Amendment under 37 CFR § 1.111 Application No. 10/608,333 Page 22 of 40 (j) arylcarbonyl; (k) alkylarylcarbonyl; (l) arylalkylcarbonyl; (m) carboxylic ester; (n) carboxamido; (o) cycloalkyl; (p) mono-, di- or tri-substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein the substituents are each independently: (1) hydrogen; (2) halo; (3) alkoxy; (4) alkylthio; (5) CN; (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃; (7) lower alkyl; $(8) N_3;$ $(9) - CO_2D^1;$ (10) -CO₂-lower alkyl; $(11) - (C(R^5)(R^6))_z - OD^1;$ (12) – $(C(R^5)(R^6))_z$ -O-lower alkyl; (13) lower alkyl-CO₂-R⁵; $(14) - OD^1$; (15) haloalkoxy; (16) amino; (17) nitro; or

(18) alkylsulfinyl;

(q) alkenyl;

(r) alkynyl;

(s) arylalkyl;

Response and Amendment under 37 CFR § 1.111 Application No. 10/608,333 Page 23 of 40 (t) lower alkyl-OD¹; (u) alkoxyalkyl; (v) aminoalkyl; (w) lower alkyl-CO₂R¹⁰; (x) lower alkyl-C(O)NR 10 (R $^{10'}$); (y) heterocyclicalkyl; or (z) heterocyclic ring-C(O)-; R^4 , R^4 , R^5 and R^5 are each independently: (a) hydrogen; (b) amino; (c) CN; (d) lower alkyl; (e) haloalkyl; (f) alkoxy; (g) alkylthio; (h) Q; (i) -O-Q; (j) -S-Q; (k) K; (l) cycloalkoxy; (m) cycloalkylthio; (n) unsubstituted, mono-, or di-substituted phenyl or unsubstituted, mono-, or disubstituted benzyl, wherein the substituents are each independently: (1) halo; (2) lower alkyl; (3) alkoxy; (4) alkylthio; (5) CN;

(6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;

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- $(7) N_3;$
- (8) Q;
- (9) nitro; or
- (10) amino;
- (o) unsubstituted, mono-, or di-substituted heteroaryl or unsubstituted, mono-, or di-substituted heteroarylmethyl, wherein the heteroaryl is a monocyclic aromatic ring of 5 atoms, said ring having one heteroatom which is S, O, or N, and, optionally, 1, 2, or 3 additional N atoms; or the heteroaryl is a monocyclic ring of 6 atoms, said ring having one heteroatom which is N, and, optionally, 1, 2, 3, or 4 additional N atoms; said substituents are each independently:
 - (1) halo;
 - (2) lower alkyl;
 - (3) alkoxy;
 - (4) alkylthio;
 - (5) CN;
 - (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
 - $(7) N_3;$
 - $(8) -C(R^6)(R^7)-OD^1;$
 - (9) $-C(R^6)(R^7)$ -O-lower alkyl; or
 - (10) alkylsulfinyl
 - $(p) -CON(R^8)(R^8);$
 - (q) -CH₂OR⁸;
 - (r) -CH₂OCN;
 - (s) unsubstituted or substituted:
 - (1) lower alkyl-Q;
 - (2) -O-lower alkyl-Q;
 - (3) -S-lower alkyl-Q;
 - (4) lower alkyl-O-lower alkyl-Q;
 - (5) lower alkyl-S-lower alkyl-Q;
 - (6) lower alkyl-O-Q;

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- (7) lower alkyl-S-Q;
- (8) lower alkyl-O-K;
- (9) lower alkyl-S-K;
- (10) lower alkyl-O-V; or
- (11) lower alkyl-S-V;

wherein the substituent(s) resides on the lower alkyl;

- (t) cycloalkyl;
- (u) aryl;
- (v) arylalkyl;
- (w) cycloalkylalkyl;
- (x) aryloxy;
- (y) arylalkoxy;
- (z) arylalkylthio;
- (aa) cycloalkylalkoxy;
- (bb) heterocycloalkyl;
- (cc) alkylsulfonyloxy;
- (dd) alkylsulfonyl;
- (ee) arylsulfonyl;
- (ff) arylsulfonyloxy;
- $(gg) C(O)R^{10};$
- (hh) nitro;
- (ii) amino;
- (jj) aminoalkyl;
- (kk) -C(O)-alkyl-heterocyclic ring;
- (ll) halo;
- (mm) heterocyclic ring;
- $(nn) -CO_2D^1$;
- (oo) carboxyl;
- (pp) amidyl; or

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(qq) alkoxyalkyl;

alternatively, R⁴ and R⁵ together with the carbons to which they are attached are:

- (a) cycloalkyl;
- (b) aryl; or
- (c) heterocyclic ring;

alternatively, R⁴ and R^{4'} or R⁵ and R^{5'} taken together with the carbon to which they are attached are:

- (a) cycloalkyl; or
- (b) heterocyclic ring;

alternatively, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁵, or R⁴ and R⁵ when substituents on adjacent carbon atoms taken together with the carbons to which they are attached are:

- (a) cycloalkyl;
- (b) heterocyclic ring; or
- (c) aryl;

R⁶ and R⁷ are each independently:

- (a) hydrogen;
- (b) unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted phenyl; unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted benzyl; unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted heteroaryl; mono- or di-substituted heteroarylmethyl, wherein said substituents are each independently:
 - (1) halo;
 - (2) lower alkyl;
 - (3) alkoxy;
 - (4) alkylthio;
 - (5) CN;
 - (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
 - $(7) N_3;$
 - (8) -C(R¹⁴)(R¹⁵)-OD¹; or
 - (9) $-C(R^{14})(R^{15})$ -O-lower alkyl;
 - (c) lower alkyl;

Response and Amendment under 37 CFR § 1.111 Application No. 10/608,333 Page 27 of 40 (d) $-CH_2OR^8$;

- (e) CN;
- (f) -CH₂CN;
- (g) haloalkyl, preferably fluoroalkyl;
- (h) $-CON(R^8)(R^8)$;
- (i) halo; or
- (j) $-OR^8$;

R⁸ is:

- (a) hydrogen;
- (b) K; or
- (c) R^9 ;

alternatively, R⁵ and R⁵, R⁶ and R⁷ or R⁷ and R⁸ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a saturated monocyclic ring of 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 atoms; optionally containing up to two heteroatoms selected from oxygen, S(O)_o or NR_i;

R⁹ is:

- (a) lower alkyl;
- (b) lower alkyl-CO₂D¹;
- (c) lower alkyl-NHD¹;
- (d) phenyl or mono-, di- or tri-substituted phenyl, wherein the substituents are each independently:
 - (1) halo;
 - (2) lower alkyl;
 - (3) alkoxy;
 - (4) alkylthio;
 - (5) lower alkyl-CO₂D¹;
 - (6) lower alkyl-NHD¹;
 - (7) CN;
 - (8) CO_2D^1 ; or
 - (9) haloalkyl, preferably fluoroalkyl;

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(e) benzyl, mono-, di- or tri-substituted benzyl, wherein the substituents are ea	ch
ndependently:	
(1) halo;	
(2) lower alkyl;	
(3) alkoxy;	
(4) alkylthio;	
(5) lower alkyl- CO_2D^1 ;	
(6) lower alkyl-NHD ¹ ;	
(7) CN;	
(8) $-CO_2D^1$; or	
(9) haloalkyl, preferably CF ₃ ;	
(f) cycloalkyl;	
(g) K; or	
(h) benzoyl, mono-, di-, or trisubstituted benzoyl, wherein the substituents are	
ach independently:	
(1) halo;	
(2) lower alkyl;	
(3) alkoxy;	
(4) alkylthio;	
(5) lower alkyl-CO ₂ D ¹ ;	
(6) lower alkyl-NHD ¹ ;	
(7) CN;	
(8) $-CO_2D^1$; or	
(9) haloalkyl, preferably CF ₃ ;	
R ¹⁰ and R ¹⁰ , are each independently:	
(a) hydrogen; or	
(b) R^{11} ;	
R ¹¹ is:	
(a) lower alkyl;	

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- (b) cycloalkyl;
- (c) unsubstituted, mono-, di- or tri-substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein the substituents are each independently:
 - (1) halo;
 - (2) alkoxy;
 - (3) alkylthio;
 - (4) CN;
 - (5) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
 - (6) lower alkyl;
 - $(7) N_3;$
 - $(8) -CO_2D^1;$
 - (9) -CO₂-lower alkyl;
 - $(10) C(R^{12})(R^{13}) OD^1;$
 - (11) -C(R¹²)(R¹³)-O-lower alkyl;
 - (12) lower alkyl-CO₂D¹;
 - (13) lower alkyl-CO₂R¹²;
 - (14) benzyloxy;
 - (15) -O-(lower alkyl)-CO₂D¹;
 - (16) -O-(lower alkyl)-CO₂R¹²; or
 - (17) -O-(lower alkyl)-NR¹²R¹³;
- (d) unsubstituted, mono-, di- or tri-substituted heteroaryl, wherein the heteroaryl is a monocyclic aromatic ring of 5 atoms, said ring having one heteroatom which is S, O, or N, and, optionally, 1, 2, or 3 additional N atoms; or said heteroaryl is a monocyclic ring of 6 atoms, said ring having one heteroatom which is N, and, optionally 1, 2, or 3 additional N atoms, and wherein said substituents are each independently:
 - (1) halo;
 - (2) lower alkyl;
 - (3) alkoxy;
 - (4) alkylthio;

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- (5) CN;
- (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- $(7) N_3;$
- (8) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})-OD^1$; or
- (9) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})$ -O-lower alkyl;

(e) unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted benzoheterocycle, wherein the benzoheterocycle is a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring which contains 1 or 2 heteroatoms independently selected from O, S, or N, and, optionally, a carbonyl group or a sulfonyl group, wherein said substituents are each independently:

- (1) halo;
- (2) lower alkyl;
- (3) alkoxy;
- (4) alkylthio;
- (5) CN;
- (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- $(7) N_3;$
- (8) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})-OD^1$; or
- (9) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})$ -O-lower alkyl;

(f) unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted benzocarbocycle, wherein the carbocycle is a 5, 6, or 7-membered ring which optionally contains a carbonyl group, wherein said substituents are each independently:

- (1) halo;
- (2) lower alkyl;
- (3) alkoxy;
- (4) alkylthio;
- (5) CN;
- (6) haloalkyl, preferably CF₃;
- $(7) N_3;$
- (8) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})-OD^1$; or

Response and Amendment under 37 CFR § 1.111 Application No. 10/608,333 Page 31 of 40 (9) $-C(R^{12})(R^{13})$ -O-lower alkyl; (g) hydrogen; or (h) K R¹² and R¹³ are each independently: (a) hydrogen; (b) lower alkyl; or (c) aryl; or R¹² and R¹³ together with the atom to which they are attached form a saturated monocyclic ring of 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 atoms; R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are each independently: (a) hydrogen; or (b) lower alkyl; or R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ together with the atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl, a thial, or a saturated monocyclic ring of 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 atoms; D^1 is: (a) hydrogen or (b) D; D is: (a) V; or (b) K; U is: (a) oxygen; (b) sulfur; or (c) $-N(R_a)(R_i)$ -; V is:

 $K \ is \ -W_{aa} - E_b - (C(R_e)(R_f))_p - E_c - (C(R_e)(R_f))_x - W_d - (C(R_e)(R_f))_y - W_i - E_j - W_g - (C(R_e)(R_f))_z - U - V;$

(a) -NO;

(b) $-NO_2$; or

(c) hydrogen

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wherein aa, b, c, d, g, i and j are each independently an integer from 0 to 3;

p, x, y and z are each independently an integer from 0 to 10;

W at each occurrence is independently:

- (a) -C(O)-;
- (b) -C(S)-;
- (c) -T-;
- (d) $-(C(R_e)(R_f))_{h}$ -;
- (e) alkyl;
- (f) aryl;
- (g) heterocyclic ring;
- (h) arylheterocyclic ring, or
- (i) $-(CH_2CH_2O)_q$ -;

E at each occurrence is independently:

- (a) -T-;
- (b) alkyl;
- (c) aryl;
- $(d) \ \, \hbox{-}(C(R_e)(R_f))_h\hbox{-};$
- (e) heterocyclic ring;
- (f) arylheterocyclic ring; or
- (g) $-(CH_2CH_2O)_q$ -;

h is an integer form 1 to 10;

q is an integer from 1 to 5;

Re and Rf are each independently:

- (a) hydrogen;
- (b) alkyl;
- (c) cycloalkoxy;
- (d) halogen;
- (e) hydroxy;
- (f) hydroxyalkyl;

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- (g) alkoxyalkyl;
- (h) arylheterocyclic ring;
- (i) cycloalkylalkyl;
- (j) heterocyclicalkyl;
- (k) alkoxy;
- (l) haloalkoxy;
- (m) amino;
- (n) alkylamino;
- (o) dialkylamino;
- (p) arylamino;
- (q) diarylamino;
- (r) alkylarylamino;
- (s) alkoxyhaloalkyl;
- (t) haloalkoxy;
- (u) sulfonic acid;
- (v) alkylsulfonic acid;
- (w) arylsulfonic acid;
- (x) arylalkoxy;
- (y) alkylthio;
- (z) arylthio;
- (aa) cyano;
- (bb) aminoalkyl;
- (cc) aminoaryl;
- (dd) alkoxy;
- (ee) aryl;
- (ff) arylalkyl;
- (gg) carboxamido;
- (hh) alkylcarboxamido;
- (ii) arylcarboxamido;

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- (jj) amidyl;
- (kk) carboxyl;
- (ll) carbamoyl;
- (mm) alkylcarboxylic acid;
- (nn) arylcarboxylic acid;
- (oo) alkylcarbonyl;
- (pp) arylcarbonyl;
- (qq) ester;
- (rr) carboxylic ester;
- (ss) alkylcarboxylic ester;
- (tt) arylcarboxylic ester;
- (uu) haloalkoxy;
- (vv) sulfonamido;
- (ww) alkylsulfonamido;
- (xx) arylsulfonamido;
- (yy) alkylsulfonyl,
- (zz) alkylsulfonyloxy,
- (aaa) arylsulfonyl,
- (bbb) arylsulphonyloxy
- (ccc) sulfonic ester;
- (ddd) carbamoyl;
- (eee) urea;
- (fff) nitro;
- (ggg) -U-V; or
- (hhh) $-(C(R'_e)(R'_f))_k$ -U-V or

Re and Rf taken together are:

- (a) oxo;
- (b) thial;
- (c) oxime; or

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(d) hydrazone;

Re and Rf taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached are:

- (a) heterocyclic ring;
- (b) cycloalkyl group; or
- (c) bridged cycloalkyl group;

R'e and R'f are each independently selected from Re;

k is an integer from 1 to 3;

T at each occurrence is independently:

- (a) a covalent bond,
- (b) carbonyl,
- (c) an oxygen,
- (d) $-S(O)_0$ -; or
- (e) $-N(R_a)(R_i)$ -;

o is an integer from 0 to 2;

Q is:

- (a) $-C(O)-U-D^1$;
- (b) -CO₂-lower alkyl;
- (c) tetrazolyl-5-yl;
- (d) $-C(R^7)(R^8)(S-D^1)$;
- (e) $-C(R^7)(R^8)(O-D^1)$; or
- (f) $-C(R^7)(R^8)$ (O-lower alkyl);

Ra is:

- (a) a lone pair of electron;
- (b) hydrogen; or
- (c) lower alkyl;

R_i is:

- (a) hydrogen;
- (b) alkyl;
- (c) aryl;

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- (d) alkylcarboxylic acid;
- (e) arylcarboxylic acid;
- (f) alkylcarboxylic ester;
- (g) arylcarboxylic ester;
- (h) alkylcarboxamido;
- (i) arylcarboxamido;
- (j) alkylsulfinyl;
- (k) alkylsulfonyl;
- (1) alkylsulfonyloxy,
- (m) arylsulfinyl;
- (n) arylsulfonyl;
- (o) arylsulphonyloxy;
- (p) sulfonamido;
- (q) carboxamido;
- (r) carboxylic ester;
- (s) aminoalkyl;
- (t) aminoaryl;
- (u) $-CH_2-C(U-V)(R_e)(R_f)$;
- (v) a bond to an adjacent atom creating a double bond to that atom; or
- (w) -(N₂O₂-)⁻•M⁺, wherein M⁺ is an organic or inorganic cation;

with the proviso that the compound of Formula (II) must contain at least one oxime group and/or hydrazone group.